

Hybrid Energy for Small Marine Vessels Toward a Green and Inclusive Maritime Sector

(IMO-WB ENV-P Project)

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IMO'S RESPONSE & WIDE VARIETY of TECHNICAL & OPERATIONAL MEASURES

Policy approaches at the IMO

Discussions
Suspended

Technical

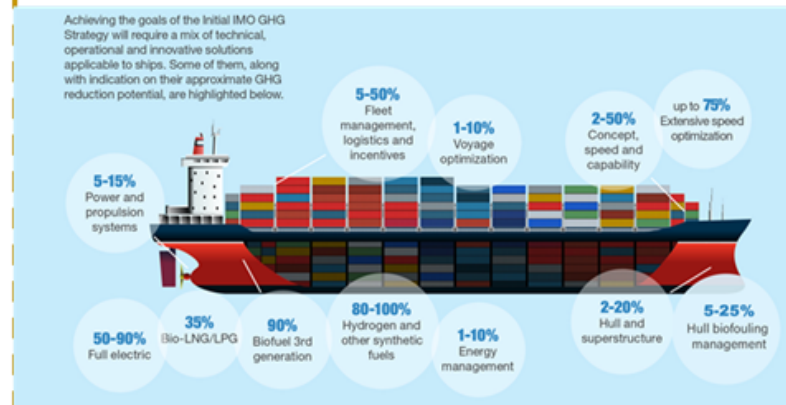
Operational

Economical

Command and control policy focus on
Ships and management

Market-based
instrument focus
on Global objective

Included in
Annex VI
Chapter 4



Source: (WMU Maritime Energy Management Specialization EGY102 Lecture Notes)

STUDY TO ADDRESS SAFETY & ENERGY EFFICIENCY of DOMESTIC PASSENGER SHIPS in the PHILIPPINES



Photos: courtesy of J. Schröder-Hinrichs and J. M. Uranza

Project Title: Study to Address Safety & Energy Efficiency of Domestic Passenger Ships in the Philippines

The STUDY is composed of two parts or subtopics:

Subtopic 1: Formal Safety Assessment for enhancing safety of domestic passenger ships in the Philippines as per the relevant IMO Guidelines (FSA-P); and,

Subtopic 2: Improving Energy Efficiency and Environmental Footprint of Domestic Passenger Ships in the Philippines (ENV-P).

Subtopic 2: Improving Energy Efficiency and Environmental Footprint of Domestic Passenger Ships in the Philippines (ENV-P)

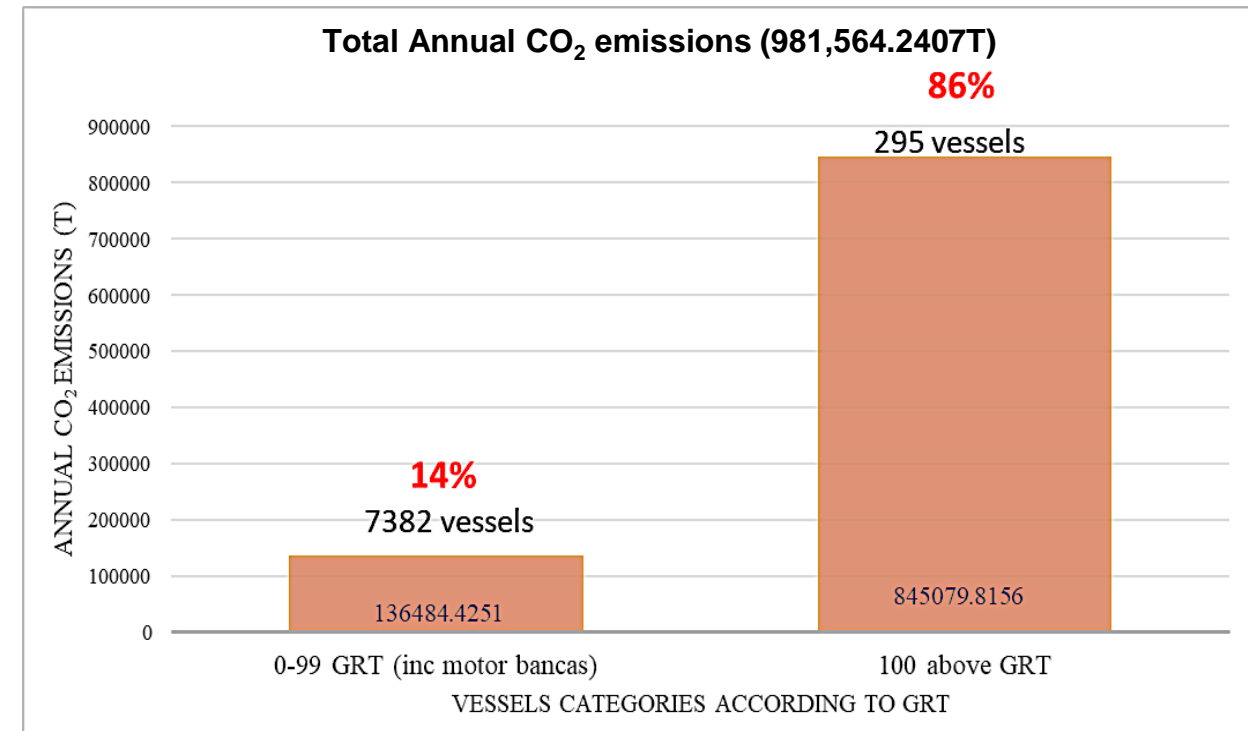
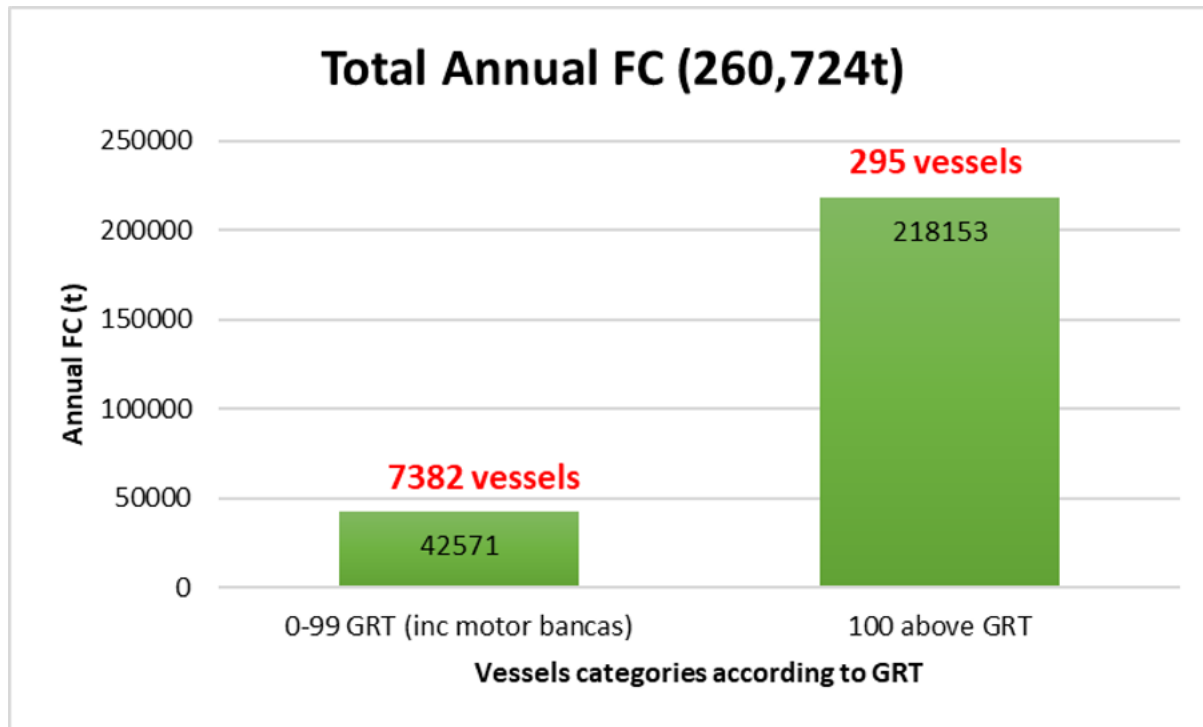
OVERALL OBJECTIVE

To analyse the current state of the domestic ferry industry from the point of view of energy efficiency and carbon environmental footprint, targeting to:

- Identify the most practical and cost-effective options to reduce the carbon footprint in the short-term;
- Propose a feasible roadmap for short- medium- and long-terms; and,
- Support the development and implementation of National Action Plans on reducing GHG emissions and improving energy efficiency.

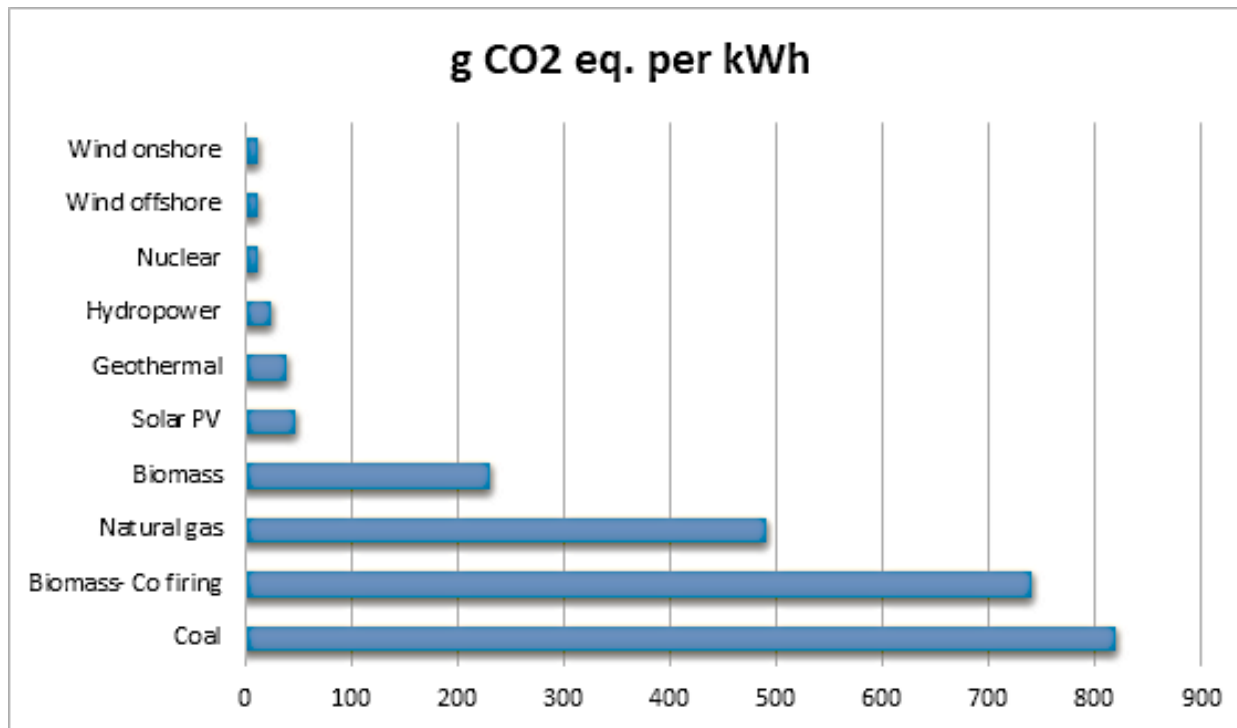
Subtopic 2: Improving Energy Efficiency and Environmental Footprint of Domestic Passenger Ships in the Philippines (ENV-P)

TOTAL ANNUAL FUEL CONSUMPTION & CO2 EMISSIONS

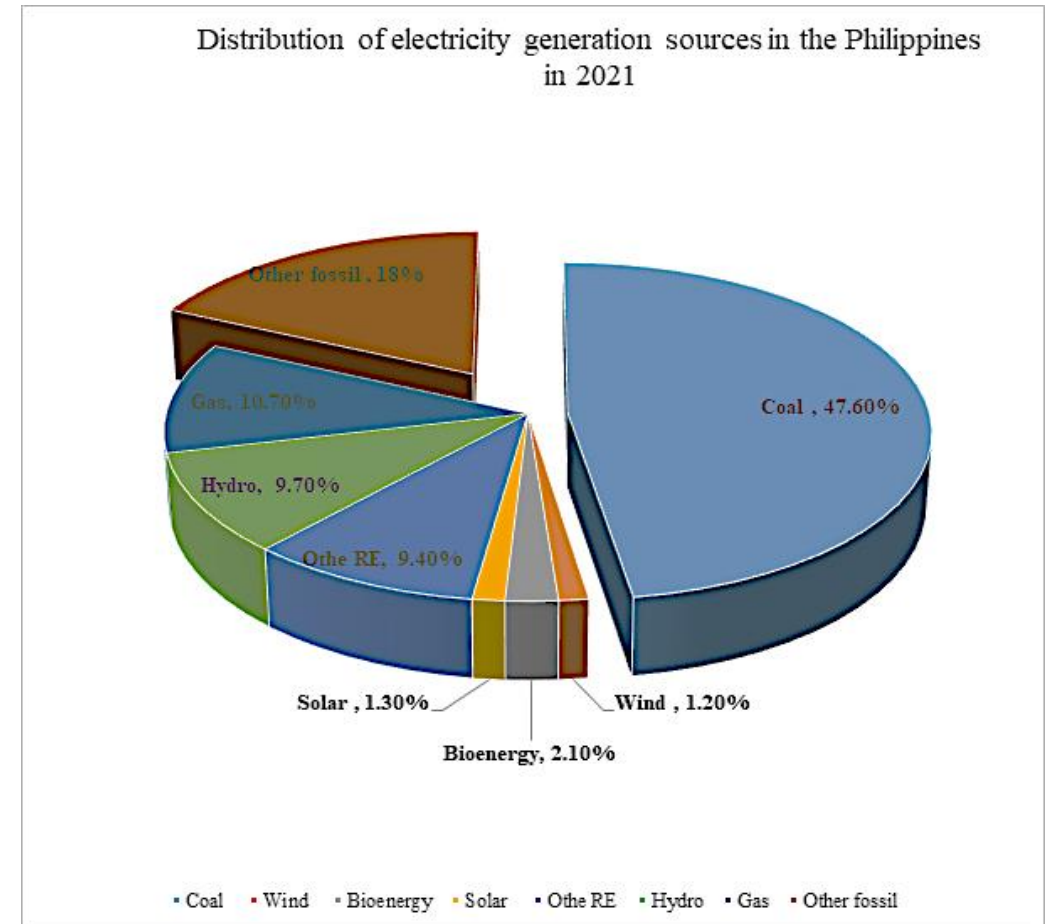


DETAILED STUDIES of BATTERY POWERED SHIP

Are battery-powered vessels the best solution for the domestic ferry segment?



Carbon dioxide equivalents (CO₂eq) of different fuel types for electricity generation.



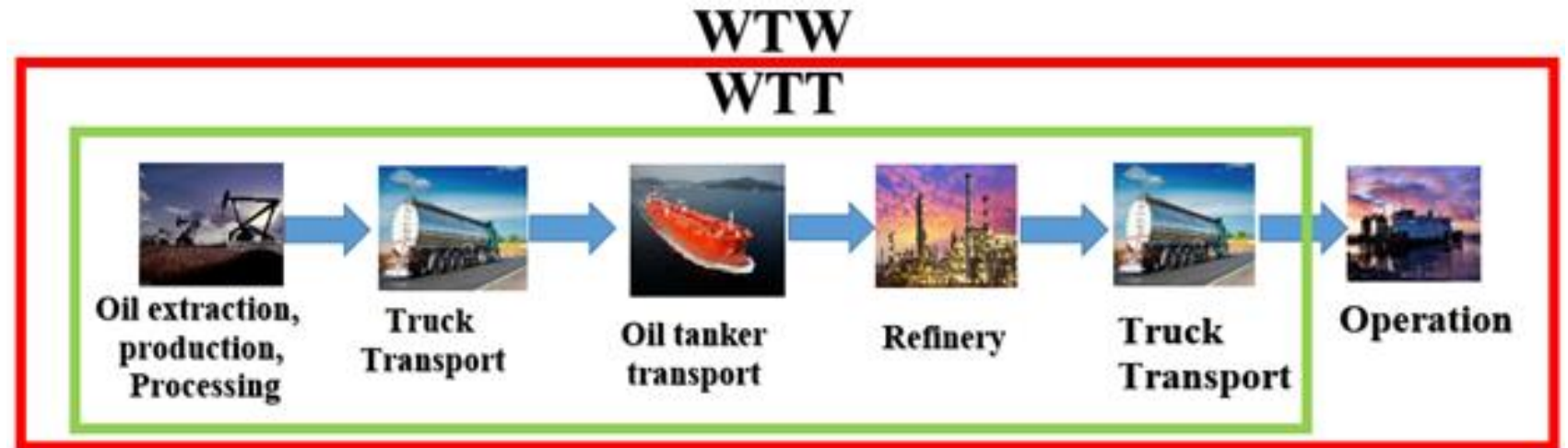
Distribution of electricity generation sources in the Philippines in 2021

Source: (Statista, 2021).

STUDIED SHIP & WELL-TO-WAKE ANALYSIS

Ship's particulars

| Name | Particulars |
|------------------------------|-----------------|
| Type | Ro Ro Passenger |
| Length Of Overall (LOA) | 42.72 meters |
| Breadth | 11.2 meters |
| Draught | 2.0 meters |
| Depth | 3.0 meters |
| Deadweight at summer draught | 845 tonnes |
| Design speed | 10 knots |



WTT and TTW sequences for diesel-powered vessels

Note:

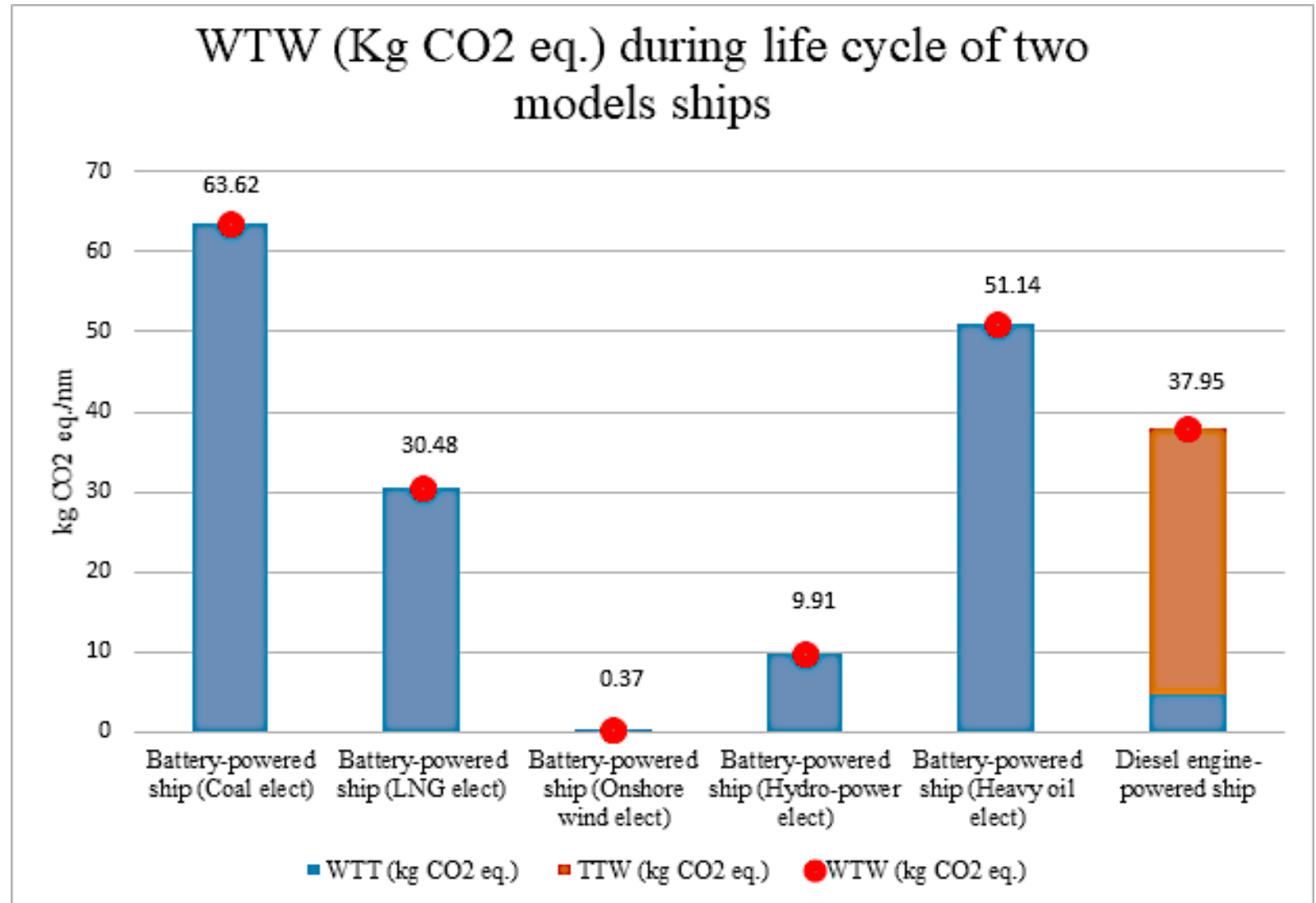
WTW - Well-to-Wake

WTT - Well-to-Tank

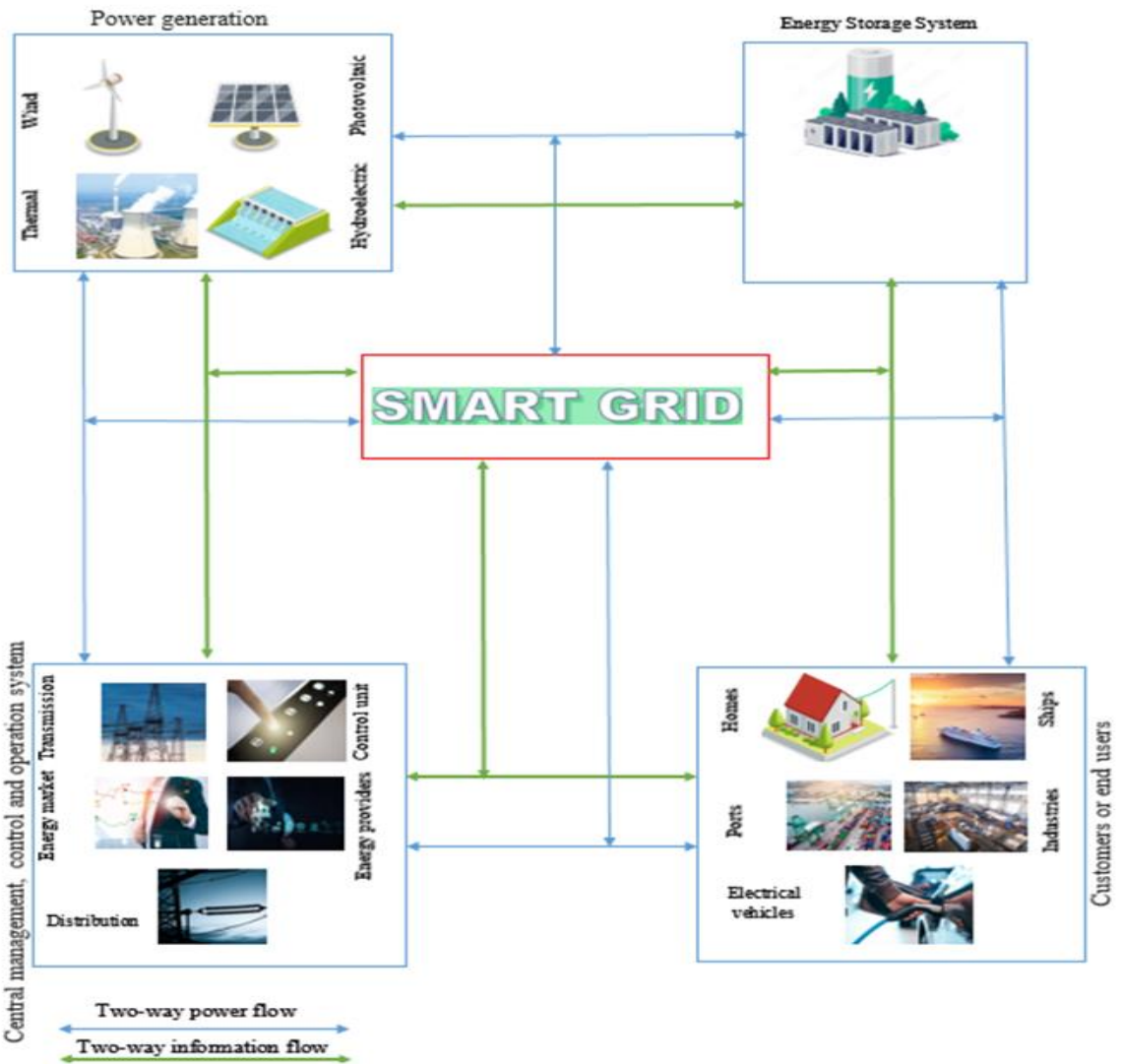
TTW - Tank-to-Wake

BATTERY POWERED SHIP

WTW (kg CO₂ eq/nm)
during life cycle of
two models ships

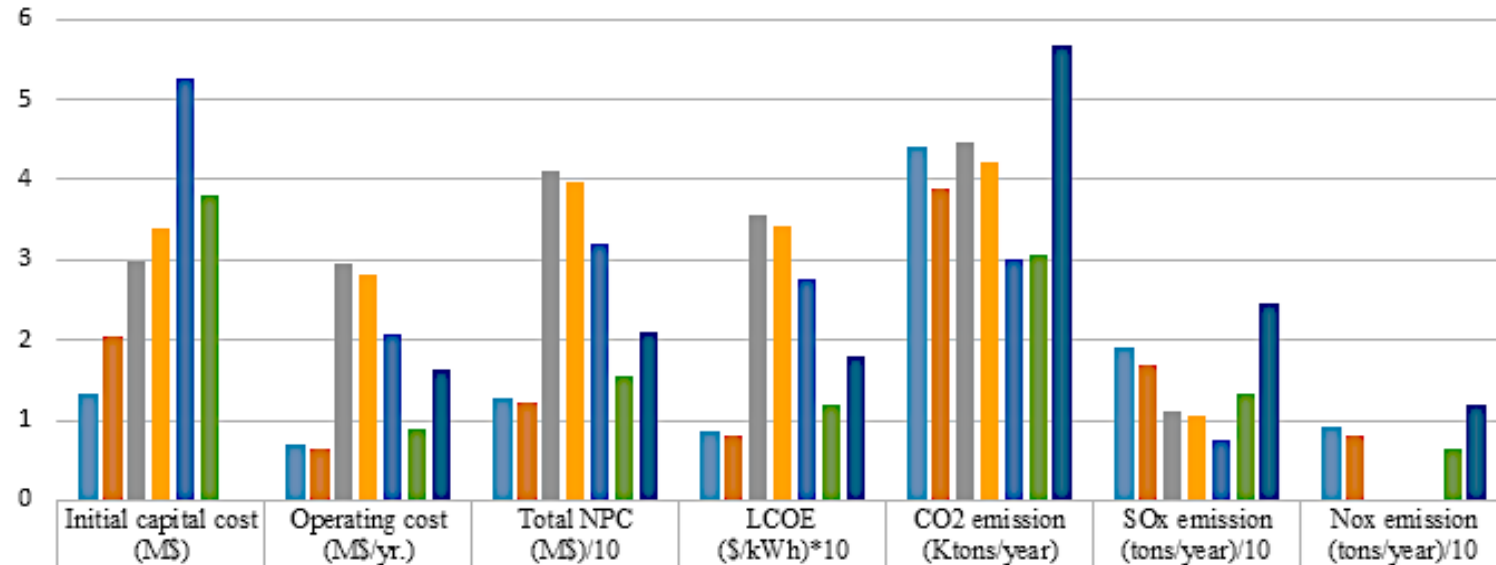


PORTS SMART GRIDS



PORTS SMART GRIDS

Simulated scenarios' results about the proposed systems



| | Initial capital cost (M\$) | Operating cost (M\$/yr.) | Total NPC (M\$)/10 | LCOE (\$/kWh)*10 | CO2 emission (Ktons/year) | SOx emission (tons/year)/10 | Nox emission (tons/year)/10 |
|--|----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| ■ Case 1(PV Cell) (Grid connected mode) | 1.32 | 0.71 | 1.27 | 0.87 | 4.41 | 1.91 | 0.93 |
| ■ Case 2 (WT) (Grid connected mode) | 2.04 | 0.63 | 1.21 | 0.81 | 3.88 | 1.68 | 0.82 |
| ■ Case 3 (PV Cell & DG) (Stand alone mode) | 2.97 | 2.96 | 4.12 | 3.55 | 4.47 | 1.11 | 0.00 |
| ■ Case 4 (WT & DG) (Stand alone mode) | 3.38 | 2.81 | 3.97 | 3.42 | 4.22 | 1.05 | 0.00 |
| ■ Case 5 (PV Cell, WT, & DG) (Stand alone mode) | 5.27 | 2.06 | 3.19 | 2.75 | 3.01 | 0.74 | 0.00 |
| ■ Case 6 (PV Cell & WT) (Grid connected mode) | 3.8 | 0.9 | 1.55 | 1.18 | 3.06 | 1.33 | 0.65 |
| ■ Base line | 0 | 1.62 | 2.09 | 1.8 | 5.67 | 2.46 | 1.2 |

Decarbonisation of Domestic Ferries in the Philippines

Target: Carbon free maritime transport by ?

Holistic, Systematic and Transdisciplinary (HST) approach

| Timelines | Short term 2023–2028 | Medium term 2028–2033 | Long term Beyond 2033 |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|
| Ships | <p>Small ferries and motor bancas</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Hybridization/ Electrification – new designs – Economic scale <p>Large ferries</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Speed optimization – Appropriate maintenance programme – Propulsion devices – Wind propulsion (Flettner Rotor) – Transition fuels (LNG)/ Alternative fuel (biofuel/ methanol) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Biofuels/ methanol from renewable energy | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Zero carbon fuels (Green Ammonia/ Green Hydrogen) |
| Shipping Companies | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Education ecosystem & Capacity building – Energy management plan | | |
| Ports and Shipyards | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Renewable energy/ Alternative fuels (biofuels) – Digitalization/ automation – Cold ironing infrastructure – Energy efficient equipment – Energy management plan – Green supply chain | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Smart grids | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Zero carbon fuels |
| Managerial level (Landscape) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Education ecosystem & Capacity building – Creating Data base – Set GHG emission reduction targets – Establish Green Corridors (GC) | | |
| Economic aspects | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Global funds, Green national funds – Considering MBM/ Incentive program | | |

Energy Hub

Applying Green economy (landscape), Alignment with Green supply chain system, Energy Power System, and conducting Impact assessment

Subtopic 2: Improving Energy Efficiency and Environmental Footprint of Domestic Passenger Ships in the Philippines (ENV-P)

International Maritime Organization (IMO)

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Thank you!

End of Presentation