

# MAAT

Maritime Autonomy  
Assurance Testbed

## IMO-ROK MASS Symposium Programme

Developing a simple, usable and reliable  
assurance framework to enable wide  
scale MASS operations internationally

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## About NPL

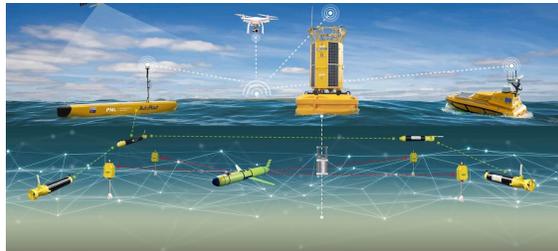
- UK's National Metrology Institute founded in 1900
- A Government Laboratory owned by the Department for Science, Innovation and Technology (DSIT)
- Based in Teddington (London) with locations across UK
- 1200 staff plus 200 PGRs across multiple sectors and technologies.
- Enabling confidence in adoption of emerging technologies

# Maritime Autonomy: Opportunity and Challenge

- **The Opportunity: Projected demand for Maritime Autonomy is predicted to grow to become a \$10bn market by 2030. \***
- Maritime Autonomy will over time fundamentally change the operating and business models of many maritime sectors, making their operations safer, more sustainable, and efficient. E.g.
  - Lean Crewing / Port Operations
  - Fleet Decarbonisation: energy management of hybrid & full electric propulsion
  - Offshore energy / renewables, fisheries & aquaculture, environmental survey
  - Maritime security and naval logistics
- **The Challenge: A paradigm shift in how these unmanned / uncrewed technologies are tested and certified is required.**
  - Without the capacity to **assure maritime autonomous systems (MAS)**, exploitation and benefits shall be significantly inhibited, slowing/limiting innovation & ecosystem growth potential.



# Assurance: Challenge and Approach



- **Proportional**
- **Standards**
- **Defining Safe**
- **Responsibility**

# Maritime Autonomous Operations Spectrum

**Port**



**Inland**



**Coastal**



**Open Seas**



Different levels of interaction, complexity, infrastructure and risk  
Requirement for common terminologies, specifications and standards

**Bridge Assist  
/ Nav Aids**



**Lean crewing**



**Remote  
Operations**



**Autonomous  
Operations**



**Above  
Surface**

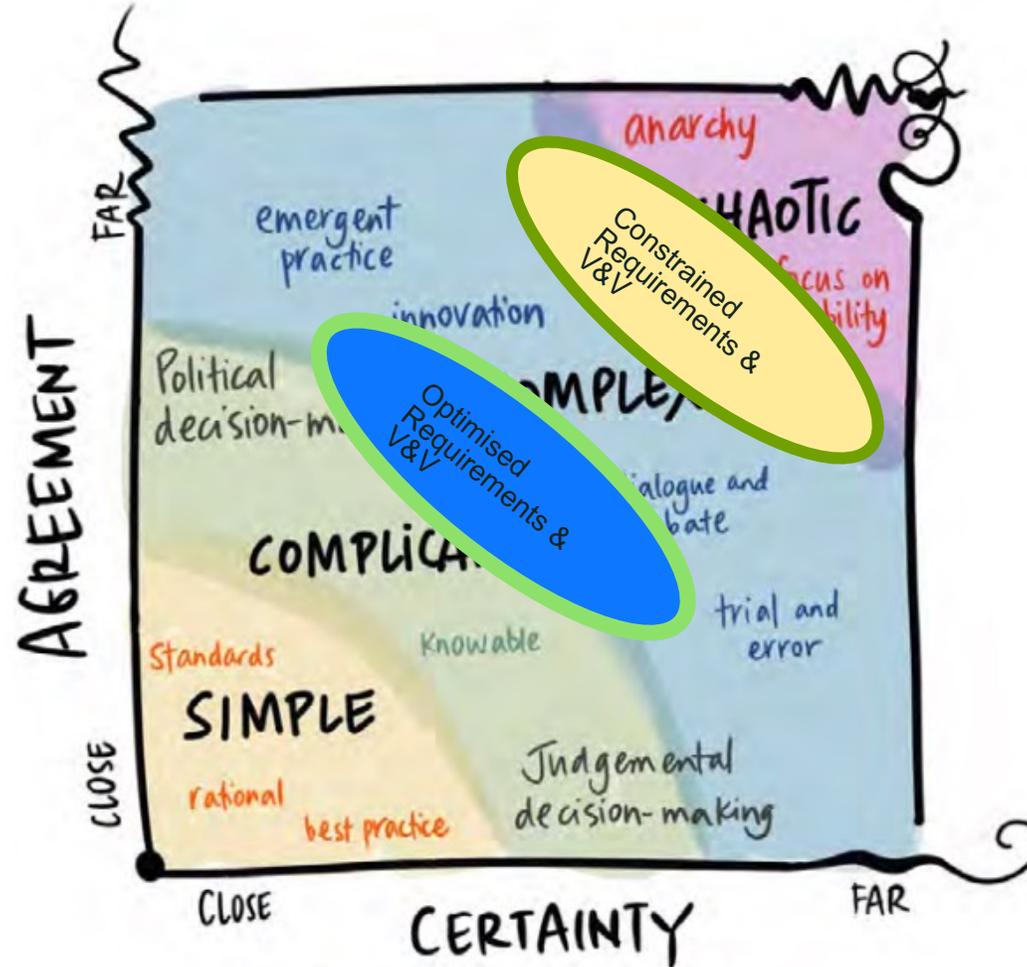


**On Surface**



**Sub Surface**

# Standardising Complex Systems?



Stacey Matrix adapted by S. Bradd and D. Finegood

Engineering X, an international collaboration founded by the Royal Academy of Engineering and Lloyd's Register Foundation.

Case Studies available at: [Safer Complex Systems \(raeng.org.uk\)](http://safer-complex-systems.org.uk)

# Proposed Solution:

## Maritime Autonomy Assurance Testbed (MAAT)



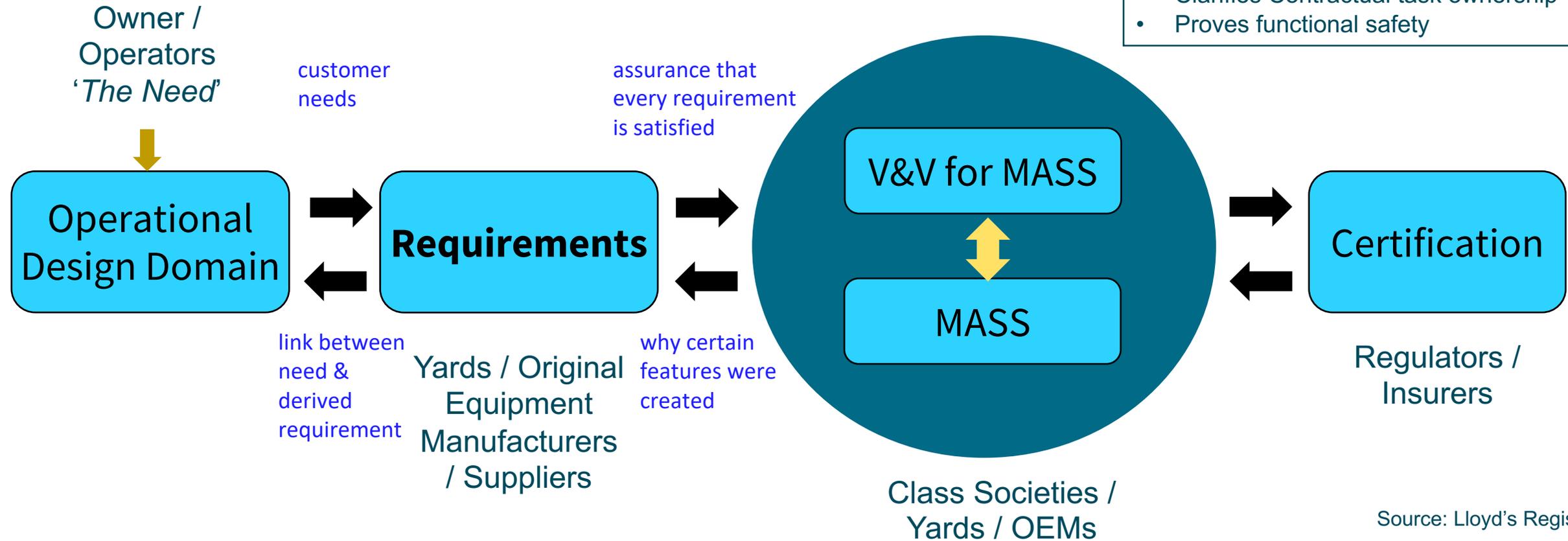
- Objective: To enable the **fastest adoption** of MASS technology, making autonomy **affordable & business viable**. Results in accelerated and increased realisation of benefits of earlier adoption of the technologies.
- Programme being developed in the UK, following a data-driven and evidence based approach to:
  - Deliver an internationally relevant assurance capability supported by pro-innovation standards, and not constrained by existing human centric regulatory frameworks..
  - Test, certify and operationally assure maritime autonomous technologies globally, from component through to System of Systems.
- Enabled through the development of validated and integrated test environments for Maritime Autonomous Systems combined with a detailed, common requirements methodology and an operational certification framework.
- Developed in partnership between National Physical Laboratory, Lloyd's Register, UKHO, Met Office, WMG (University of Warwick), PSD Freeport, University of Plymouth and Plymouth Marine Lab (...and growing).
  - Draws on experience across autonomous mobility
  - Designed to be a networked capability, across the UK
  - **Establishing International collaborations**

# Traceability back to well-structured requirements

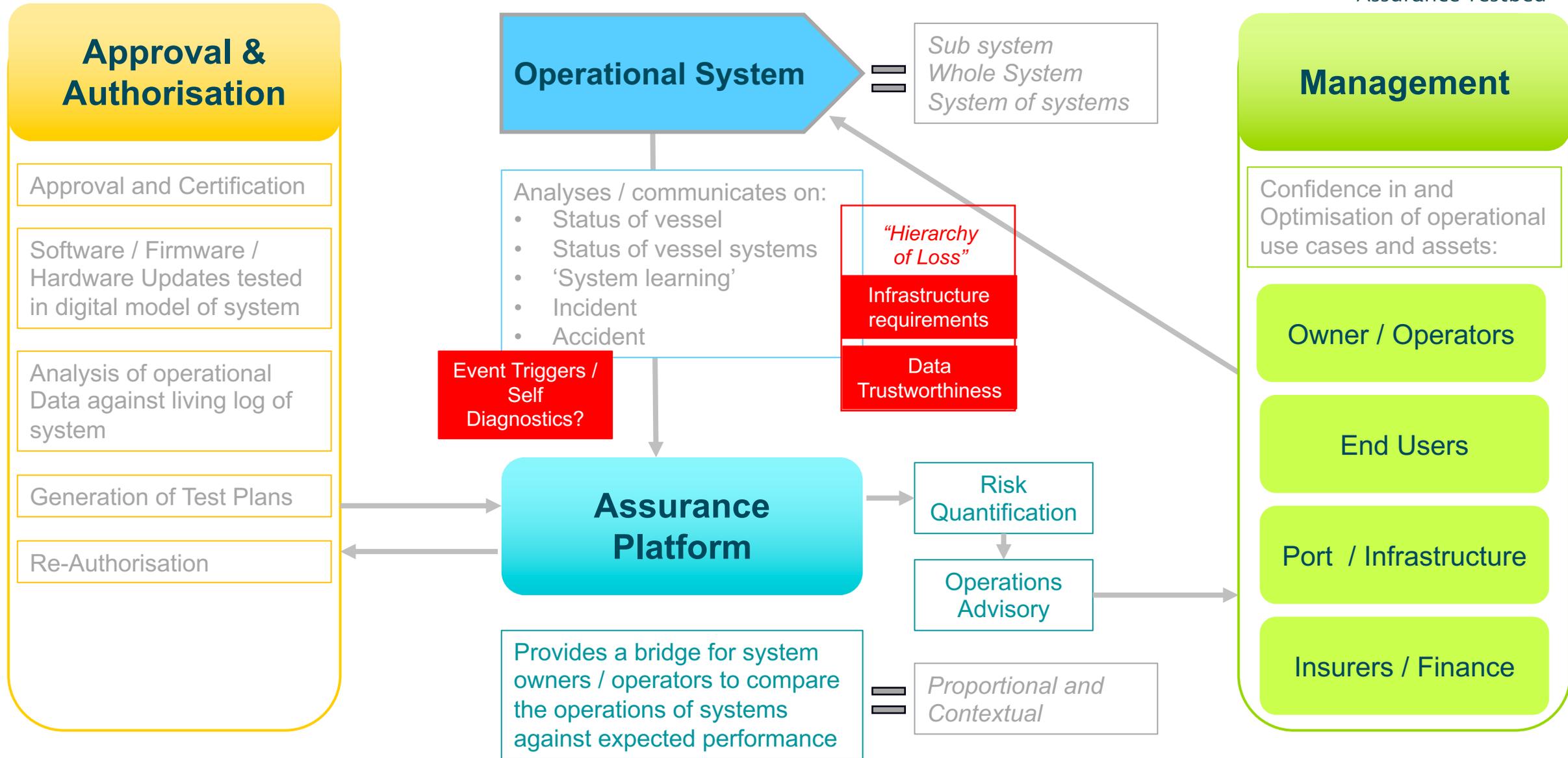
Assurance through the lifecycle?  
i.e. Ubiquitous, efficient and  
assured **Operations**

## Benefits:

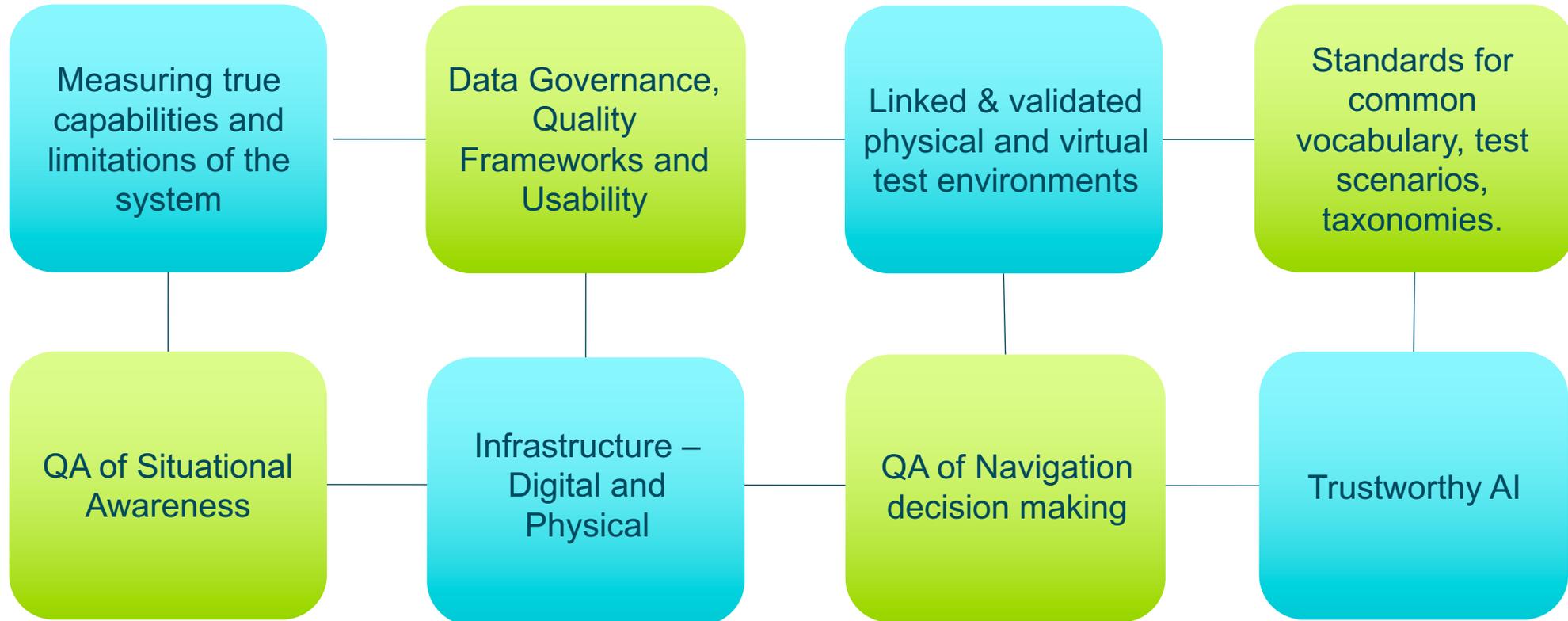
- Clarity of project relationships
- Enhances process visibility
- Increases efficiency & quality
- Improves impact / change analysis
- Demonstrates Verification & Validation
- Clarifies Contractual task ownership
- Proves functional safety



# Hypothetical: Assurance as a Service Model

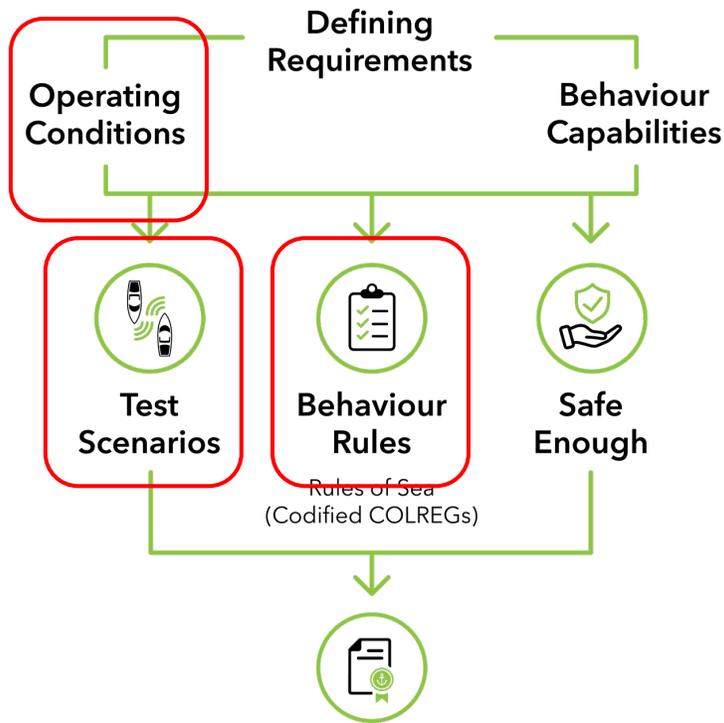


# MAAT: A Data-Driven Approach to Assurance



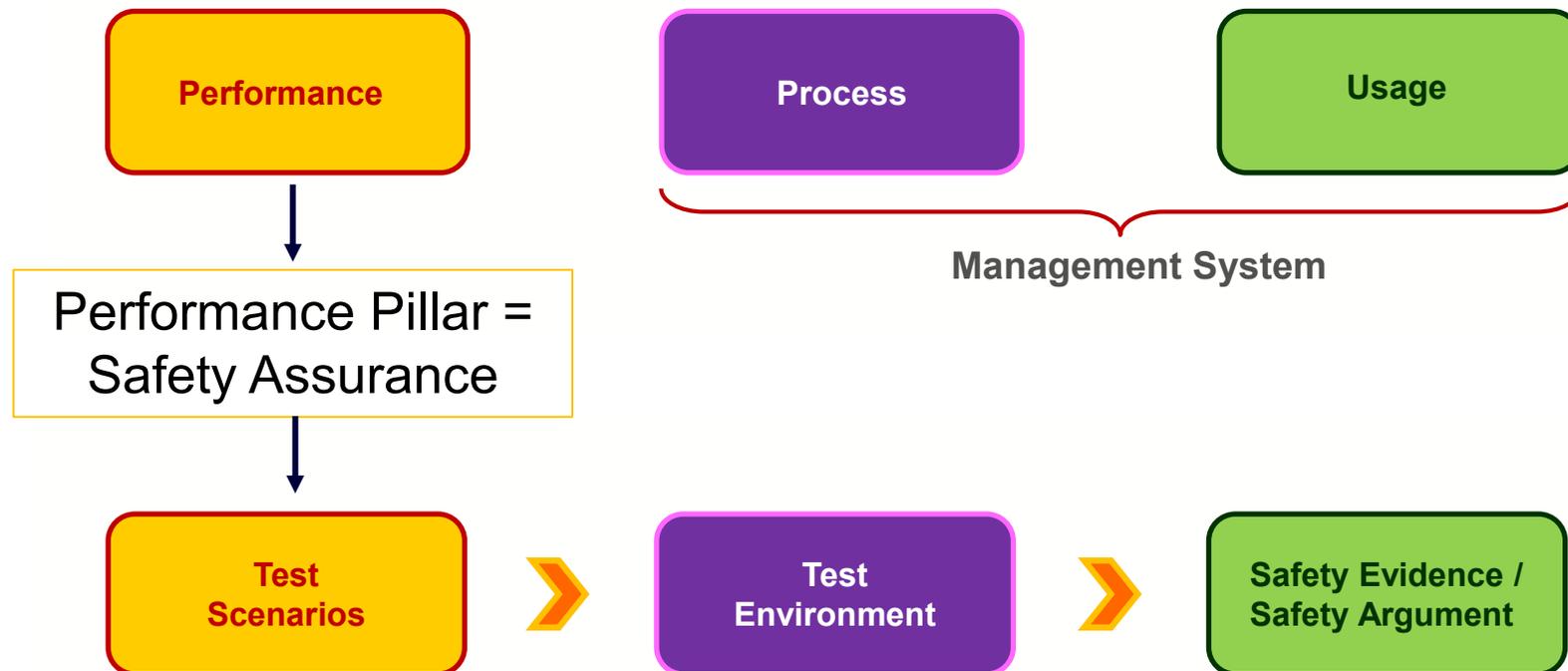
# Establishing and measuring true capabilities and limitations of the system

Common taxonomies required



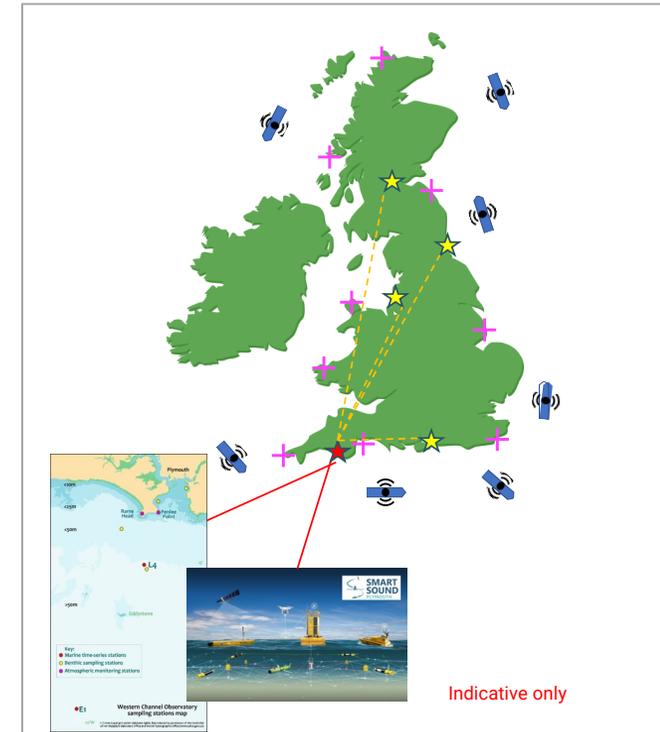
**Towards a Certification Framework**

Enabling automated transport  
across maritime safety



# Developing the evidence base

- Day 1- Smart Sound Digital: 1000km<sup>2</sup> of deconflicted Test Infrastructure
- Supports development of assurance tools, data and test standards:
  - Data for Libraries for Operating Conditions and Behaviours and the development of Digital COLREGS
  - Test Scenario development
  - Reference Data for Sensor Assurance Framework and provides reliable environmental and sensor models for Virtual Testing
  - Training Data Library in accordance good practice guides for ML compliance assurance
  - RT Situational awareness of test areas & sound for remote operations – provides blue-print for wider deployment
  - Human Factors Analysis
- Networked structure shared and integrated **across the UK and internationally**, to support ‘distributed assurance capability’ and provide a scalable innovation platform.



# Test Environments: Synthetic and Virtual Testing

To enable the **fastest adoption** of technology, making autonomy **affordable & business viable**.

## **Requirement for adoption of autonomous technology:**

Develop and prove technology is safe, effective and dependable in real-world scenarios through testing and validation.

### **Challenge:**

Real-world testing is expensive, time intensive and unpractical, as testing must be safely carried out in millions of operational scenarios / environments that might not occur in the real world for years.



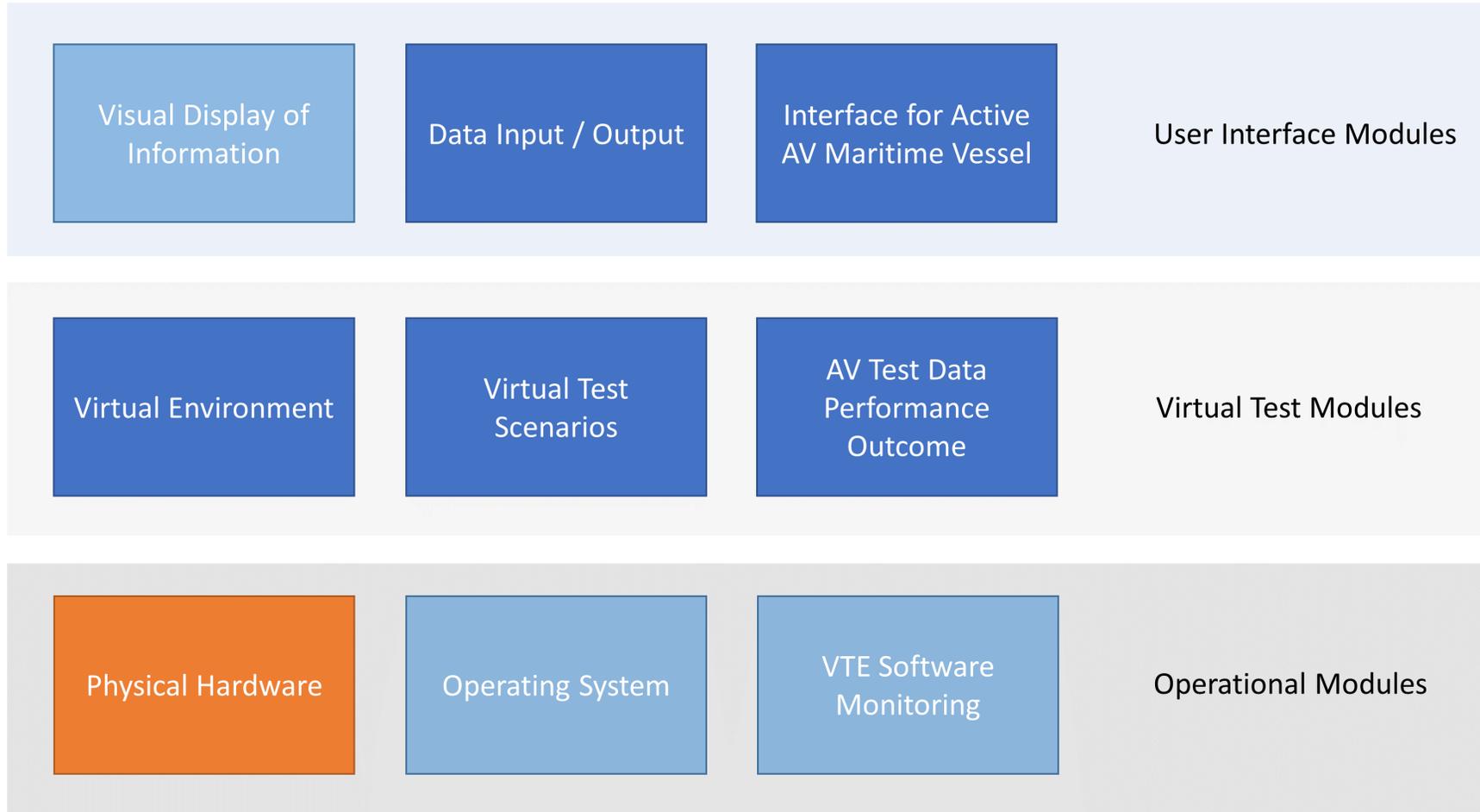
### **Synthetic Test Bed as a solution:**

An STB would create a fast, affordable and more effective alternative to real-world testing, by creating synthetic environments\* and scenarios in which to perform testing and validation of technology for autonomy.

\*Essential to provide a quantified and traceable approach to ensuring that the models used in the virtual testing scenarios are a sufficiently accurate reflection of conditions and performance in the real world.

- Main question: **how can we be confident that performance in the virtual environment reflects performance in reality?**
- Related question: **how can we make the process cost-effective?**

# Virtual Test Environments: requirements



# Common definitions and understanding

- Test scenarios and outputs
- Operating Domain taxonomies
- Autonomy levels
- Machine readable charts
- Maritime definitions for MASS - 'vessel';  
'responsible person'



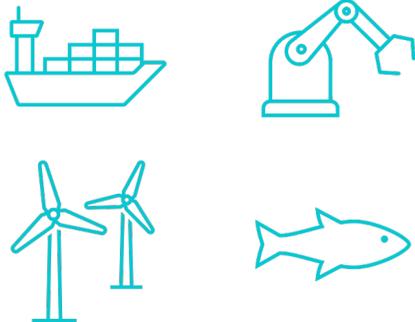
# An ambition to 'make waves'

“To enable the **fastest adoption** of MASS technology, making autonomy **affordable & business viable.**”

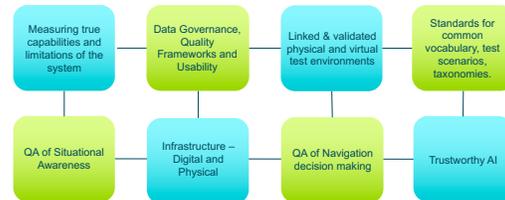


“An international challenge requiring **international collaboration.**”

Driven by clear economic and social imperatives.



Underpinned by science, following an evidence based approach



Developed by a growing roster of leading research & innovation organisations in the UK



International collaboration is core to the programme



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Thank you!

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